

Roll No.

Exam Code : M-24

Subject Code—18059

Dual Degree B.Sc. (Hons.)

EXAMINATION

(Batch 2017 Onwards)

(Sixth Semester)

MATHEMATICS

BML-601

Real and Complex Analysis

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Note : Attempt *Five* questions in all, selecting *one* question from each Section. Q. No. 1 is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.

Compulsory Question

1. (a) If $u = x(1 - y)$, $v = xy$, then show that :

$$\frac{\partial(u, v)}{\partial(x, y)} = \left(\frac{\partial(x, y)}{\partial(u, v)} \right)^{-1} \quad 2$$

- (b) Prove that $\Gamma(n) = (n-1) \Gamma(n-1)$ for real number $n > 1$. 2
- (c) Change the order of integration of
$$\int_0^1 \int_{x^2}^{2-x} xy \, dy \, dx.$$
 2
- (d) Define Fourier series for a bounded function. 2
- (e) Show that $f(z) = z^2$ is uniformly continuous in the region $|z| < 1$. 2
- (f) Find k such that $f(z) = r^2 \cos 2\theta + i r^2 \sin k\theta$ is analytic. 2
- (g) Define conformal mapping. 2

Section I

2. (a) Show that the functions $u = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$, $v = x + y + z$, $w = xy + yz + zx$ are functionally dependent. Find the relation between them. 7

(b) Prove that :

$$B(m, n) = \frac{\Gamma(m) \Gamma(n)}{\Gamma(m+n)}, \text{ where } m > 0,$$

$$n > 0.$$

7

3. (a) Show that : $\int_0^\infty \int_0^\infty e^{-(x^2+y^2)} dx dy = \frac{\pi}{4}.$ 7

(b) Using Dirichlet's theorem, find the volume bounded by the surface

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^4}{c^4} = 1.$$

7

Section II

4. (a) Find the Fourier series of x^2 in $(-\pi, \pi)$.

$$\text{Also prove that } \frac{\pi^4}{90} = 1 + \frac{1}{2^4} + \frac{1}{3^4} + \frac{1}{4^4}.$$

7

(b) Find the Fourier series for the function $f(x) = |x|$, $-\pi \leq x \leq \pi$. Also prove that

$$\frac{\pi^2}{8} = \frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{5^2} + \dots$$

7

5. Find the half range sine series and cosine series for the function :

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$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x & \text{for } 0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2} \\ \pi - x & \text{for } \frac{\pi}{2} < x < \pi \end{cases}$$

Section III

6. (a) If $f(z)$ is a regular function, then prove

$$\text{that } \left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} \right) |f(z)|^2 = 4 |f'(z)|^2. \quad 7$$

- (b) If $f(z) = u + iv$ is an analytic function of z , find $f(z)$ if $u - v = (x - y)(x^2 + 4xy + y^2)$. 7

7. (a) Show that real and imaginary parts of an analytic function are harmonic functions. 7

- (b) In a two dimensional fluid flow, the stream function is given by

$$\psi = -\frac{y}{x^2 + y^2}. \quad \text{Find the velocity potential } \phi. \quad 7$$

Section IV

8. (a) Find the image of infinite strip $\frac{1}{4} < y < \frac{1}{2}$
under the transformation $w = \frac{1}{z}$. Show
the region graphically. 7
- (b) Show that cross-ratio remains invariant
under mobius transformation. 7
9. (a) Find the image of $x^2 = y^2 - 4y + 2 = 0$
under the mapping $w = \frac{z-i}{iz-1}$. 7
- (b) Find all the Mobius transformations
which map the half plane $\text{I}(z) \geq 0$ into
circle $|w| \leq 1$. 7